

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

Soil Sample Survey

Wayne County

Samples analyzed by CNAL (2002-2006)



(Photo credit: Nate Herendeen, Field Crops Educator, NW NY Dairy, Livestock & Field Crops Team)

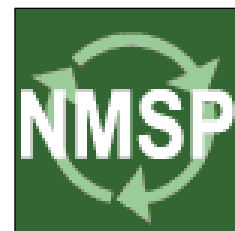
Summary compiled by

Renuka Rao, Nate Herendeen, Quirine M. Ketterings, and Hettie Krol



Cornell Nutrient Analysis Laboratory
<http://www.css.cornell.edu/soiltest/newindex.asp>

&
Nutrient Management Spear Program
<http://nmisp.css.cornell.edu/>



Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

Soil Sample Survey

Wayne County

Samples analyzed by CNAL (2002-2006)

Summary compiled by

Renuka Rao

Director

Cornell Nutrient Analysis Laboratory
Department of Crop and Soil Sciences
804 Bradfield Hall, Cornell University
Ithaca NY 14853

Nate Herendeen

Field Crops Educator

Cornell Cooperative Extension
North West NY Dairy, Livestock & Field Crops Team

Quirine M. Ketterings and Hettie Krol

Nutrient Management Spear Program
Department of Crop and Soil Sciences

December 10, 2007

Correct Citation:

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Soil sample survey of Wayne County. Samples analyzed by the Cornell Nutrient Analysis Laboratory (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

Table of Content

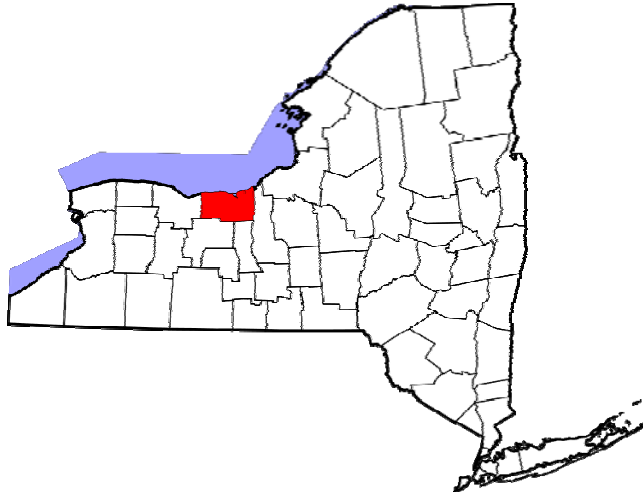
| | |
|-----------------------------------|----|
| 1. County Introduction..... | 1 |
| 2. General Survey Summary..... | 1 |
| 3. Cropping Systems..... | 7 |
| 3.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 7 |
| 3.2 Commercial Samples..... | 8 |
| 4. Soil Types..... | 10 |
| 4.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 10 |
| 4.2 Commercial Samples..... | 11 |
| 5. Organic Matter..... | 13 |
| 5.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 13 |
| 5.2 Commercial Samples..... | 14 |
| 6. pH..... | 15 |
| 6.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 15 |
| 6.2 Commercial Samples..... | 16 |
| 7. Phosphorus..... | 17 |
| 7.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 17 |
| 7.2 Commercial Samples..... | 18 |
| 8. Potassium..... | 19 |
| 8.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 19 |
| 8.2 Commercial Samples..... | 21 |
| 9. Magnesium..... | 24 |
| 9.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 24 |
| 9.2 Commercial Samples..... | 25 |
| 10. Iron..... | 26 |
| 10.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 26 |
| 10.2 Commercial Samples..... | 27 |
| 11. Manganese..... | 28 |
| 11.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 28 |
| 11.2 Commercial Samples..... | 29 |
| 12. Zinc..... | 30 |
| 12.1 Homeowner Samples..... | 30 |
| 12.2 Commercial Samples..... | 31 |
| Appendix: Cornell Crop Codes..... | 32 |

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.



1. County Introduction

Wayne County is located adjacent to Lake Ontario east of Monroe (city of Rochester). It contains 388,480 acres of land area. Approximately 170,000 acres or 43% of the area is used for farm production in any given year. The agriculture in Wayne County is extremely diverse.



The county lies entirely in the Ontario Lake Plains physiographic region. The northern lake plain begins at Lake Ontario, where the elevation is 246 feet above sea level. It increases gradually in elevation to the south, about 600 feet at the Ontario and Seneca County border.

The classic drumlin and drumlin fields are the most conspicuous topography in Wayne County. The drumlins range from 60 feet to 250 feet above the surrounding glacial till plain. The average height above the landscape is 160 feet and the average length is 3500 feet. The drumlins are oriented north-south. The highest is Brantling hill with an elevation of 681 feet.

In the northern third of the county, the streams flow northward directly to Lake Ontario. The rest of the county drains eastward through Ganargua Creek, the Barge Canal and the Clyde River.

The soils in the north are dominated by glacial till that was greatly modified by glacial outwash and/or glacial lake sediments. These soils were mostly derived from the Sodus shale, Medina sandstone and Queenston shale. The soils in the south are derived from high carbonate materials deposited by glacial advance across the dolomitic limestone escarpment. However, glacial outwash materials and/or lacustrine sediments also modified much of this area. Huge deposits of sand and gravel are found in the old channels where the Great Lakes drainage flowed eastward across the face of the receding

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

glacial ice sheets and intersected with the north flowing rivers that became the Finger Lakes outlets.

Lake Iroquois was a glacial lake that covered the northern third of the county during the glacial recession. The beach ridge from that lake became a prominent feature and was the base for Indian trails that eventually became the Ridge Road (Rt. 104). Large deltaic deposits formed along this lake and became the fine sand and silt soils.

The glacial recession also left many areas of shallow lakes. These became the extensive wetlands in the county. Many were drained to make organic soils, the largest being the Montezuma mucklands on the eastern border with Cayuga County.

The agriculture of Wayne County is diverse. Tree fruit production is the dominant industry in the northern third of the county. Apples, cherries, peaches, pears and plums are the most important generator of farm income. Small fruits such as strawberries, brambles and blueberries are grown for fresh market sales. Next is dairy and associated feed grain production. Third is vegetable production for fresh market and processing (peas, snap beans, sweet corn, kidney beans, cabbage, pumpkins, potatoes). Next are greenhouse, nursery and ornamental production. Large and small-scale livestock producers market poultry (eggs), beef, sheep and hogs. There is also a significant pleasure horse industry in the area. Hay and grain crops not used locally are exported to areas throughout the eastern United States.

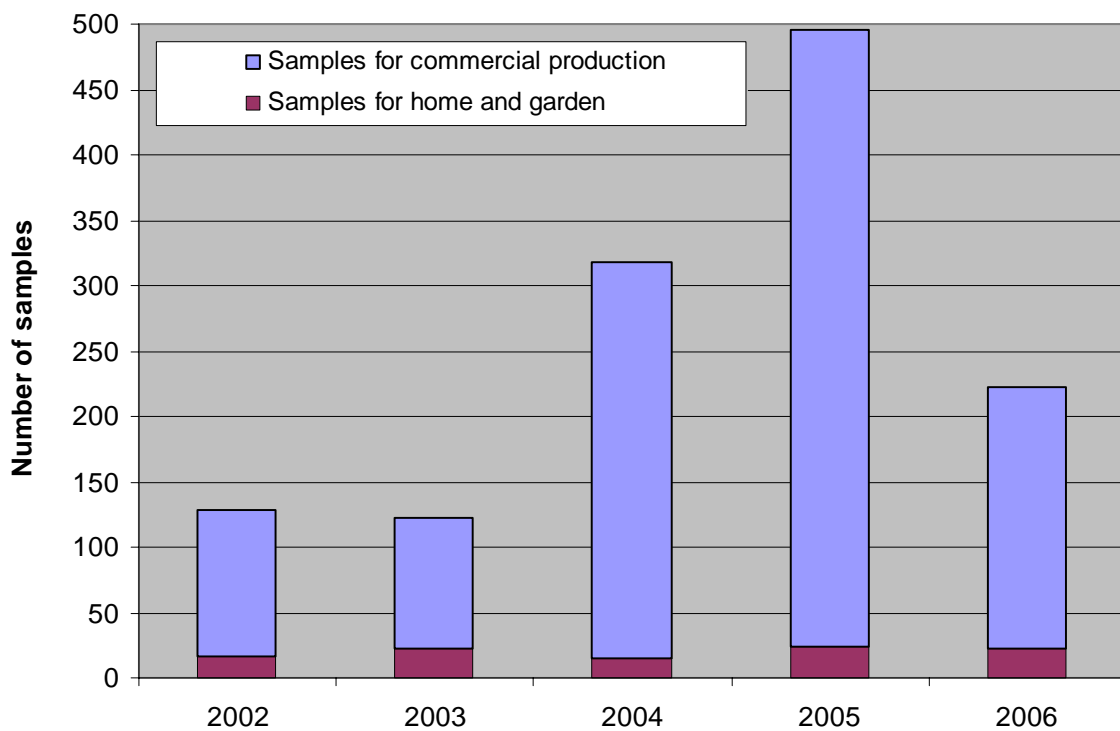
Wayne County is home to several of the largest tree fruit production farms in New York. Stored apples are marketed throughout the eastern United States all year-round.

All the above industries rely heavily on soil testing to maintain optimum production while protecting the agricultural environment from nutrient runoff.

Nate Herendeen
Field Crops Educator
Cornell Cooperative Extension
North West NY Dairy, Livestock & Field Crops Team

2. General Survey Summary

This survey summarizes the soil test results from grower (identified as “commercial samples”) and homeowner samples from Wayne County submitted to the Cornell Nutrient Analysis Laboratory (CNAL) from 2002 to 2006. The total number of samples analyzed in these years amounted to 1287. Of these, 1186 samples (92%) were submitted by commercial growers while 101 samples (8%) were submitted by homeowners.



| Homeowners | | Commercial | | Total |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 2002 | 17 | 2002 | 112 | 129 |
| 2003 | 23 | 2003 | 100 | 123 |
| 2004 | 15 | 2004 | 303 | 318 |
| 2005 | 24 | 2005 | 471 | 495 |
| <u>2006</u> | <u>22</u> | <u>2006</u> | <u>200</u> | <u>222</u> |
| Total | 101 | Total | 1186 | 1287 |

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

Homeowners submitted soil samples to the Cornell Nutrient Analysis Laboratory during 2002-2006 primarily to request fertilizer recommendations for lawns (39%), home garden vegetable production (24%), and for ornamentals (11%). Commercial growers submitted samples primarily to grow apples (31%), corn silage or grain (16%), clover (11%) and soybeans (10%).

Soils tested for home and garden in Wayne County were classified as belonging to soil management group 2 (39%), group 3 (21%), group 4 (29%), or group 5 (12%). A description of the different management groups is given below.

Soil Management Groups for New York

| | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Fine-textured soils developed from clayey lake sediments and medium- to fine-textured soils developed from lake sediments. |
| 2 | Medium- to fine-textured soils developed from calcareous glacial till and medium-textured to moderately fine-textured soils developed from slightly calcareous glacial till mixed with shale and medium-textured soils developed in recent alluvium. |
| 3 | Moderately coarse textured soil developed from glacial outwash and recent alluvium and medium-textured acid soil developed on glacial till. |
| 4 | Coarse- to medium-textured soils formed from glacial till or glacial outwash. |
| 5 | Coarse- to very coarse-textured soils formed from gravelly or sandy glacial outwash or glacial lake beach ridges or deltas. |
| 6 | Organic or muck soils with more than 80% organic matter. |

Of the samples submitted by commercial growers, 1% belonged to soil management group 1, 27% to group 2, 19% to group 3, 25% to group 4, 7% to group 5 and group 6 was represented by 2% of all samples. Ontario was the most common soil series (21% of all samples), followed by Williamson (13%), Hilton (12%) and Palmyra (8%).

Organic matter levels, as measured by loss-on-ignition, ranged from less than 1% to almost 60%. For homeowner samples, 50% had between 2 and 4% organic matter and 33% had more than 4% organic matter. Of the samples submitted by commercial growers, 67% contained between 2 and 4% organic matter.

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

Soil pH in water (1:1 soil:water extraction ratio) varied from 4.9 to 8.0 for home and garden samples while 68% tested pH 7 or higher and 22% had a pH between 6.0 and 7.0. For the commercial samples, the highest pH was 8.4 and 60% tested between pH 6.0 and 7.0 and 21% had pH 7.0 or greater.

Extractable nutrients such as phosphorus (P), potassium (K), magnesium (Mg), calcium (Ca), iron (Fe), manganese (Mn), and zinc (Zn) were measured using the Morgan method (Morgan, 1941). This solution contains sodium acetate buffered at pH of 4.8.

Soil test P levels of <1 lb P/acre are classified as very low. Between 1-3 lbs P/acre is low. Medium is between 4-8 lbs P/acre. High testing soils have P levels between 9 and 39 lbs P/acre and anything higher is classified as very high. For homeowners, 13% of the soils tested low for P, 21% tested medium, 37% tested high and 30% tested very high. All together 66% tested high or very high in P. For commercial growers, 6% tested very high. In total 24% were low in P, 31% tested medium for P while 40% of the submitted samples were classified as high in soil test P. This means that 45% tested high or very high in P.

Classifications for K depend on soil management group. The fine-textured soils (soil management group 1) have a greater K supplying capacity than the coarse-textured sandy soils (soil management group 5). Classification for each of the management groups in the above table represent very low, low, medium, high and very high. So for example for soil management group 5 and 6, <60 lbs K/acre means the soil is very low in K, between 60 and 114 lbs K/acre is medium, 115-164 lbs K/acre is medium, 165-269 lbs K/acre is high and >269 lbs K/acre is classified as very high (see Table on page 6).

| Soil Management Group | Potassium Soil Test Value (Morgan extraction in lbs K/acre) | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | Very low | Low | Medium | High | Very High |
| 1 | <35 | 35-64 | 65-94 | 95-149 | >149 |
| 2 | <40 | 40-69 | 70-99 | 100-164 | >164 |
| 3 | <45 | 45-79 | 80-119 | 120-199 | >199 |
| 4 | <55 | 55-99 | 100-149 | 150-239 | >239 |
| 5 and 6 | <60 | 60-114 | 115-164 | 165-269 | >269 |

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

Potassium classifications for Wayne County soils varied from very low (1% of the commercial growers' soils) to very high (46% of the homeowner soils and 43% of the commercial growers' soils). For homeowners, 9% tested low in K, 19% tested medium, and 27% tested high for potassium. For commercial growers' soils, 6% tested low, 15% tested medium and 35% tested high in K.

Soils test very low for Mg if Morgan extractable Mg is less than 20 lbs Mg/acre. Low testing soils have 20-65 lbs Morgan Mg per acre. Soils with 66-100 lbs Mg/acre test medium for Mg. High testing soils have 101-199 lbs Mg/acre while soils with more than 200 lbs Mg/acre in the Morgan extraction are classified as very high in Mg. Magnesium levels ranged from 15 to more than 10000 lbs Mg/acre. There was only one soil sample that tested very low for Mg (commercial grower sample). Most soils tested high or very high for Mg (99% of the homeowner soils and 95% of the soils of the commercial growers).

Soils with more than 50 lbs Morgan extractable Fe per acre test excessive for Fe. Anything lower than 50 lbs Fe/acre is considered normal. Iron levels ranged from 97-100% in the normal range with only 3% of the commercial grower soils testing excessive for Fe. Similarly, most soils (97-98%) tested normal for manganese. Soils with more than 100 lbs Morgan extractable Mn per acre are classified as excessive in Mn. Anything less than 100 lbs Mn per acre is classified as normal. Soils with less than 0.5 lb Zn per acre in the Morgan extraction are classified as low in Zn. Medium testing soils have between 0.5 and 1 lb of Morgan extractable Zn per acre. If more than 1 lb of Zn/acre is extracted with the Morgan solution, the soil tests high in Zn. For the homeowner soils, 81% tested high for Zn while 16% tested medium and 3% were low in Zn. Of the commercial growers' samples, 6% tested low, 23% tested medium while 71% were high in Zn.

In the following sections, the summary tables for each of the soil fertility indicators described above are given. The appendix contains the crop codes used in section 3.

3. Cropping Systems

3.1 Homeowner Samples

Crops for which recommendations were requested by homeowners:

| | 2002-2006 | % |
|-------|-----------|-----|
| ALG | 4 | 4 |
| ATF | 2 | 2 |
| FLA | 6 | 6 |
| GEN | 1 | 1 |
| GRA | 3 | 3 |
| LAW | 39 | 39 |
| MVG | 24 | 24 |
| OTH | 1 | 1 |
| PER | 5 | 5 |
| PTO | 1 | 1 |
| ROS | 2 | 2 |
| RSP | 1 | 1 |
| SAG | 11 | 11 |
| TRF | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 101 | 100 |

Note: See Appendix for Cornell crop codes.

3.2 Commercial Samples

Crops for which recommendations were requested in commercial samples:

| Current year crop | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | Total | % |
|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|----|
| ABE/ABT | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| AGE/AGT | 2 | 1 | 6 | 9 | 2 | 20 | 2 |
| ALE/ALT | 6 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 9 | 18 | 2 |
| APP | 32 | 45 | 142 | 72 | 76 | 367 | 31 |
| ASP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| BCT | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| BLB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| BND | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 9 | 1 |
| BNS | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| BSP | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| CBS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| CGE | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| CHS | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| CHT | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 13 | 1 |
| CLE/CLT | 3 | 0 | 84 | 26 | 13 | 126 | 11 |
| COG/COS | 12 | 0 | 10 | 145 | 17 | 184 | 16 |
| CST | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| EGG | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| GIE | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| GPF | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| GPV | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| GRE/GRT | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| IDL | 2 | 0 | 9 | 18 | 22 | 51 | 4 |
| LET | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| MIX | 2 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 1 |
| NUR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| OAT | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| ONP | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| ONS | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 10 | 1 |
| OTH | 2 | 7 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 21 | 2 |
| PAR | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| PCH | 8 | 3 | 9 | 14 | 1 | 35 | 3 |
| PEA | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| PGE/PGT | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| PIE/PIT | 2 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 3 | 18 | 2 |
| PLE/PLT | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1 |

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

| Current year crop | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | Total | % |
|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-----|
| PLM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| PNT | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| POP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| POT | 4 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 14 | 1 |
| PUM | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| RHU | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| SOG | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| SOY | 5 | 1 | 2 | 95 | 17 | 120 | 10 |
| SQS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| SQW | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| STS | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| SWC | 0 | 13 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 22 | 2 |
| TME | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| TOM | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| TRE | 2 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 12 | 1 |
| TRT | 1 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 16 | 1 |
| TUR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 10 | 1 |
| WHT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 31 | 3 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Total | 112 | 100 | 303 | 471 | 200 | 1186 | 100 |

Note: See Appendix for Cornell crop codes.

4. Soil Types

4.1 Homeowner Samples

Soil types (soil management groups) for homeowner samples:

| | 2002-2006 | % |
|--------------------|-----------|-----|
| SMG 1 (clayey) | 0 | 0 |
| SMG 2 (silty) | 39 | 39 |
| SMG 3 (silt loam) | 21 | 21 |
| SMG 4 (sandy loam) | 29 | 29 |
| SMG 5 (sandy) | 12 | 12 |
| SMG 6 (mucky) | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 101 | 100 |

4.2 Commercial Samples

Soil series for commercial samples:

| Name | SMG | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | Total | % |
|------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-------|----|
| Alton | 5 | 0 | 6 | 10 | 13 | 16 | 45 | 4 |
| Amboy | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Appleton | 2 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 12 | 1 |
| Bombay | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 34 | 15 | 58 | 5 |
| Canadaigua | 3 | 16 | 2 | 1 | 28 | 0 | 47 | 4 |
| Carlisle | 6 | 8 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 0 | 25 | 2 |
| Cayuga | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Cazenovia | 2 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 1 |
| Chippeny | 6 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Collamer | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 0 |
| Colonie | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 8 | 1 |
| Dunkirk | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Edwards | 6 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Elnora | 5 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 20 | 2 |
| Farmington | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Fredon | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 9 | 1 |
| Galen | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Halsey | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Hilton | 2 | 13 | 8 | 34 | 60 | 24 | 139 | 12 |
| Ira | 4 | 6 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 17 | 57 | 5 |
| Joliet | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Kendaia | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Lakemont | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Lamson | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Lansing | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Lockport | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 7 | 1 |
| Lyons | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Madalin | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Madrid | 4 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 25 | 10 | 48 | 4 |
| Massena | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Minoa | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 12 | 0 | 22 | 2 |
| Niagara | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Oakville | 5 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Ontario | 2 | 13 | 10 | 70 | 112 | 40 | 245 | 21 |
| Ovid | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Palmyra | 3 | 3 | 1 | 26 | 54 | 8 | 92 | 8 |

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

| Name | SMG | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | Total | % |
|-------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-----|
| Phelps | 3 | 1 | 7 | 9 | 16 | 13 | 46 | 4 |
| Rhinebeck | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 7 | 1 |
| Sodus | 4 | 11 | 10 | 21 | 10 | 6 | 58 | 5 |
| Stockbridge | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Teel | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Volusia | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Wallington | 3 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 10 | 4 | 26 | 2 |
| Wayland | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Williamson | 4 | 11 | 19 | 71 | 32 | 18 | 151 | 13 |
| Unknown | - | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Total | - | 112 | 100 | 303 | 471 | 200 | 1186 | 100 |

5. Organic Matter

5.1 Homeowner Samples

Organic matter (loss-on-ignition method) in homeowner samples (number):

| | <1 | 1.0-1.9 | 2.0-2.9 | 3.0-3.9 | 4.0-4.9 | 5.0-5.9 | 6.0-6.9 | >6.9 | Total |
|------------|----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Number | 1 | 17 | 34 | 16 | 13 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 101 |
| Percentage | 1 | 17 | 34 | 16 | 13 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 100 |

| | 2002-2006 |
|----------|-----------|
| Lowest: | 0.6 |
| Highest: | 56.9 |
| Mean: | 4.3 |
| Median: | 2.9 |

5.2 Commercial Samples

Organic matter (loss-on-ignition method) in commercial samples (number):

| | <1 | 1.0-1.9 | 2.0-2.9 | 3.0-3.9 | 4.0-4.9 | 5.0-5.9 | 6.0-6.9 | >6.9 | Total |
|-------|----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 2002 | 1 | 8 | 34 | 37 | 14 | 8 | 0 | 10 | 112 |
| 2003 | 1 | 12 | 33 | 31 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 53 | 160 | 60 | 14 | 4 | 2 | 10 | 303 |
| 2005 | 3 | 148 | 214 | 73 | 24 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 471 |
| 2006 | 2 | 21 | 89 | 68 | 14 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 200 |
| Total | 7 | 242 | 530 | 269 | 80 | 21 | 5 | 32 | 1186 |

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Lowest: | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| Highest: | 58.7 | 55.4 | 58.2 | 55.8 | 7.0 |
| Mean: | 6.5 | 5.9 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| Median: | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.9 |

Organic matter in commercial samples (% of total number of samples):

| | <1 | 1.0-1.9 | 2.0-2.9 | 3.0-3.9 | 4.0-4.9 | 5.0-5.9 | 6.0-6.9 | >6.9 | Total |
|-------|----|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 2002 | 1 | 7 | 30 | 33 | 13 | 7 | 0 | 9 | 100 |
| 2003 | 1 | 12 | 33 | 31 | 14 | 2 | 0 | 7 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 17 | 53 | 20 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 100 |
| 2005 | 1 | 31 | 45 | 15 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 100 |
| 2006 | 1 | 11 | 45 | 34 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 100 |
| Total | 1 | 20 | 45 | 23 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 100 |

6. pH

6.1 Homeowner Samples

pH of homeowner samples (numbers):

| | <4.5 | 4.5-4.9 | 5.0-5.4 | 5.5-5.9 | 6.0-6.4 | 6.5-6.9 | 7.0-7.4 | 7.5-7.9 | 8.0-8.4 | >8.4 | Total |
|------------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Number | 0 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 14 | 39 | 28 | 1 | 0 | 101 |
| Percentage | 0 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 14 | 39 | 28 | 1 | 0 | 100 |

| | 2002-2006 |
|----------|-----------|
| Lowest: | 4.9 |
| Highest: | 8.0 |
| Mean: | - |
| Median: | 7.2 |

6.2 Commercial Samples

pH of commercial samples (number):

| | <4.5 | 4.5-4.9 | 5.0-5.4 | 5.5-5.9 | 6.0-6.4 | 6.5-6.9 | 7.0-7.4 | 7.5-7.9 | 8.0-8.4 | >8.4 | Total |
|-------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 19 | 28 | 36 | 23 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 112 |
| 2003 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 17 | 27 | 36 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 2004 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 50 | 79 | 101 | 47 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 303 |
| 2005 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 56 | 119 | 160 | 103 | 17 | 1 | 0 | 471 |
| 2006 | 0 | 4 | 10 | 20 | 49 | 82 | 33 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 200 |
| Total | 2 | 14 | 43 | 162 | 302 | 415 | 216 | 29 | 3 | 0 | 1186 |

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Lowest: | 5.2 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| Highest: | 7.6 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 8.0 | 8.0 |
| Mean: | - | - | - | - | - |
| Median: | 6.6 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.5 |

pH of commercial samples (% of total number of samples):

| | <4.5 | 4.5-4.9 | 5.0-5.4 | 5.5-5.9 | 6.0-6.4 | 6.5-6.9 | 7.0-7.4 | 7.5-7.9 | 8.0-8.4 | >8.4 | Total |
|-------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 17 | 25 | 32 | 21 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 2003 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 17 | 27 | 36 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 17 | 26 | 33 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 2005 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 12 | 25 | 34 | 22 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 2006 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 25 | 41 | 17 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 100 |
| Total | 0 | 1 | 4 | 14 | 25 | 35 | 18 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 100 |

7. Phosphorus

7.1 Homeowner Samples

Phosphorus (lbs/acre Morgan P) in homeowner samples (numbers):

| | <1 | 1-3 | 4-8 | 9-39 | 40-60 | 61-80 | 81-100 | 101-150 | 151-200 | >200 | Total |
|------------|----|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| | VL | L | M | H | VH | VH | VH | VH | VH | VH | |
| Number | 0 | 13 | 21 | 37 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 101 |
| Percentage | 0 | 13 | 21 | 37 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 100 |

VL = very low, L = low, M = medium, H = high, VH = very high.

| | 2002-2006 |
|----------|-----------|
| Lowest: | 1 |
| Highest: | 479 |
| Mean: | 50 |
| Median: | 18 |

7.2 Commercial Samples

Phosphorus (lbs P/acre Morgan extraction) for commercial samples (number):

| | <1 | 1-3 | 4-8 | 9-39 | 40-60 | 61-80 | 81-100 | 101-150 | 151-200 | >200 | Total |
|-------|----|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| | VL | L | M | H | VH | VH | VH | VH | VH | VH | |
| 2002 | 0 | 44 | 32 | 26 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 112 |
| 2003 | 0 | 22 | 31 | 38 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 80 | 70 | 128 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 | 303 |
| 2005 | 0 | 76 | 168 | 210 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 471 |
| 2006 | 0 | 58 | 66 | 70 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 200 |
| Total | 0 | 280 | 367 | 472 | 25 | 11 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 1186 |

VL = very low, L = low, M = medium, H = high, VH = very high.

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Lowest: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Highest: | 213 | 169 | 643 | 340 | 110 |
| Mean: | 18 | 19 | 21 | 13 | 10 |
| Median: | 5 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 7 |

Phosphorus in commercial samples (% of total number of samples):

| | <1 | 1-3 | 4-8 | 9-39 | 40-60 | 61-80 | 81-100 | 101-150 | 151-200 | >200 | Total |
|-------|----|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| | VL | L | M | H | VH | VH | VH | VH | VH | VH | |
| 2002 | 0 | 39 | 29 | 23 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 100 |
| 2003 | 0 | 22 | 31 | 38 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 26 | 23 | 42 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 100 |
| 2005 | 0 | 16 | 36 | 45 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| 2006 | 0 | 29 | 33 | 35 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 100 |
| Total | 0 | 24 | 31 | 40 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 100 |

VL = very low, L = low, M = medium, H = high, VH = very high.

8. Potassium

8.1 Homeowner Samples

Potassium (lbs K/acre Morgan extraction) in homeowner samples (number):

| Soil Management Group 1 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|
| | <35 | 35-64 | 65-94 | 95-149 | >149 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| Total (#) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total (%) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Soil Management Group 2 | | | | | | |
| | <40 | 40-69 | 70-99 | 100-164 | >164 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| Total (#) | 0 | 4 | 9 | 10 | 16 | 39 |
| Total (%) | 0 | 10 | 23 | 26 | 41 | 100 |
| Soil Management Group 3 | | | | | | |
| | <45 | 45-79 | 80-119 | 120-199 | >199 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| Total (#) | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 14 | 21 |
| Total (%) | 0 | 10 | 5 | 19 | 67 | 100 |
| Soil Management Group 4 | | | | | | |
| | <55 | 55-99 | 100-149 | 150-239 | >239 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| Total (#) | 0 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 29 |
| Total (%) | 0 | 3 | 24 | 28 | 45 | 100 |
| Soil Management Group 5 | | | | | | |
| | <60 | 60-114 | 115-164 | 165-269 | >269 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| Total (#) | 0 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 12 |
| Total (%) | 0 | 17 | 17 | 42 | 25 | 100 |
| Soil Management Group 6 | | | | | | |
| | <60 | 60-114 | 115-164 | 165-269 | >269 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| Total (#) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total (%) | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Rao, R., N. Herendeen, Q.M. Ketterings, and H. Krol (2007). Wayne Soil Sample Survey (2002-2006). CSS Extension Bulletin E07-43. 34 pages.

Potassium classification summary for homeowners:

| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | Total |
|------------|----------|-----|--------|------|-----------|-------|
| Number | 0 | 9 | 19 | 27 | 46 | 101 |
| Percentage | 0 | 9 | 19 | 27 | 46 | 100 |

| | 2002-2006 |
|----------|-----------|
| Lowest: | 45 |
| Highest: | 2305 |
| Mean: | 245 |
| Median: | 192 |

8.2 Commercial Samples

Potassium (lbs K/acre Morgan extraction) in commercial samples (number):

| Soil Management Group 1 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|--------|---------|-----------|-------|
| | <35 | 35-64 | 65-94 | 95-149 | >149 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2004 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total (#) | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 6 |
| Total (%) | 0 | 17 | 17 | 33 | 33 | 100 |
| Soil Management Group 2 | | | | | | |
| | <40 | 40-69 | 70-99 | 100-164 | >164 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| 2002 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 9 | 9 | 29 |
| 2003 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 11 | 19 |
| 2004 | 1 | 9 | 17 | 39 | 51 | 117 |
| 2005 | 0 | 3 | 15 | 104 | 72 | 194 |
| 2006 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 20 | 44 | 76 |
| Total (#) | 3 | 20 | 48 | 177 | 187 | 435 |
| Total (%) | 1 | 5 | 11 | 41 | 43 | 100 |
| Soil Management Group 3 | | | | | | |
| | <45 | 45-79 | 80-119 | 120-199 | >199 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| 2002 | 1 | 5 | 13 | 2 | 3 | 24 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 15 |
| 2004 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 14 | 20 | 44 |
| 2005 | 0 | 3 | 8 | 43 | 58 | 112 |
| 2006 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 16 | 10 | 29 |
| Total (#) | 1 | 14 | 30 | 78 | 101 | 224 |
| Total (%) | 0 | 6 | 13 | 35 | 45 | 100 |

| Soil Management Group 4 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|
| | <55 | 55-99 | 100-149 | 150-239 | >239 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| 2002 | 0 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 23 | 45 |
| 2003 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 15 | 21 | 48 |
| 2004 | 0 | 5 | 15 | 32 | 62 | 114 |
| 2005 | 0 | 6 | 48 | 55 | 27 | 136 |
| 2006 | 2 | 7 | 10 | 20 | 32 | 71 |
| Total (#) | 4 | 27 | 87 | 131 | 165 | 414 |
| Total (%) | 1 | 7 | 21 | 32 | 40 | 100 |
| Soil Management Group 5 | | | | | | |
| | <60 | 60-114 | 115-164 | 165-269 | >269 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| 2002 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| 2003 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 11 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 15 |
| 2005 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 12 | 4 | 24 |
| 2006 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 6 | 13 | 24 |
| Total (#) | 2 | 10 | 8 | 28 | 30 | 78 |
| Total (%) | 3 | 13 | 10 | 36 | 38 | 100 |
| Soil Management Group 6 | | | | | | |
| | <60 | 60-114 | 115-164 | 165-269 | >269 | Total |
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 9 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 7 |
| 2004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| 2005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| 2006 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total (#) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 26 | 28 |
| Total (%) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 93 | 100 |

Potassium classification summary for commercial samples.

| Summary (#) | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | Un-known | Total |
|-------------|----------|-----|--------|------|-----------|----------|-------|
| 2002 | 3 | 14 | 28 | 22 | 45 | 0 | 112 |
| 2003 | 3 | 9 | 10 | 28 | 50 | 0 | 100 |
| 2004 | 1 | 20 | 38 | 92 | 151 | 1 | 303 |
| 2005 | 1 | 17 | 73 | 214 | 166 | 0 | 471 |
| 2006 | 2 | 12 | 25 | 62 | 99 | 0 | 200 |
| Grand Total | 10 | 72 | 174 | 418 | 511 | 1 | 1186 |

| Summary (%) | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | Un-known | Total |
|-------------|----------|-----|--------|------|-----------|----------|-------|
| 2002 | 3 | 13 | 25 | 20 | 40 | 0 | 100 |
| 2003 | 3 | 9 | 10 | 28 | 50 | 0 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 7 | 13 | 30 | 50 | 0 | 100 |
| 2005 | 0 | 4 | 15 | 45 | 35 | 0 | 100 |
| 2006 | 1 | 6 | 13 | 31 | 50 | 0 | 100 |
| Grand Total | 1 | 6 | 15 | 35 | 43 | 0 | 100 |

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------|------|------|-------|------|------|
| Lowest: | 31 | 39 | 30 | 55 | 49 |
| Highest: | 1377 | 1037 | 47785 | 1082 | 822 |
| Mean: | 270 | 293 | 413 | 199 | 232 |
| Median: | 151 | 216 | 200 | 166 | 198 |

9. Magnesium

9.1 Homeowner Samples

Magnesium (lbs Mg/acre Morgan extraction) in homeowner samples (numbers):

| | <20 | 20-65 | 66-100 | 101-199 | >199 | Total |
|------------|----------|-------|--------|---------|-----------|-------|
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| Number | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 94 | 101 |
| Percentage | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 93 | 100 |

| | 2002-2006 |
|----------|-----------|
| Lowest: | 60 |
| Highest: | 2641 |
| Mean: | 530 |
| Median: | 438 |

9.2 Commercial Samples

Magnesium (lbs Mg/acre Morgan extraction) in commercial samples (number):

| | <20 | 20-65 | 66-100 | 101-199 | >199 | Total |
|-------|----------|-------|--------|---------|-----------|-------|
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| 2002 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 16 | 92 | 112 |
| 2003 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 17 | 74 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 48 | 245 | 303 |
| 2005 | 1 | 11 | 17 | 109 | 333 | 471 |
| 2006 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 26 | 170 | 200 |
| Total | 2 | 22 | 32 | 216 | 914 | 1186 |

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------|------|------|-------|------|------|
| Lowest: | 35 | 19 | 24 | 15 | 27 |
| Highest: | 2332 | 1568 | 10788 | 3535 | 1019 |
| Mean: | 534 | 416 | 415 | 327 | 379 |
| Median: | 394 | 342 | 332 | 271 | 358 |

Magnesium in commercial samples (% of total number of samples):

| | <20 | 20-65 | 66-100 | 101-199 | >199 | Total |
|-------|----------|-------|--------|---------|-----------|-------|
| | Very Low | Low | Medium | High | Very High | |
| 2002 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 14 | 82 | 100 |
| 2003 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 17 | 74 | 100 |
| 2004 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 16 | 81 | 100 |
| 2005 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 23 | 71 | 100 |
| 2006 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 85 | 100 |
| Total | 0 | 2 | 3 | 18 | 77 | 100 |

10. Iron

10.1 Homeowner Samples

Iron (lbs Fe/acre Morgan extraction) in homeowner samples:

Total number of samples:

| | 0-49 | >49 | Total |
|-------|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Normal | Excessive | |
| Total | 101 | 0 | 101 |

Percentages:

| 0-49 | >49 | Total |
|--------|-----------|-------|
| Normal | Excessive | |
| 100 | 0 | 100 |

| | 2002-2006 |
|----------|-----------|
| Lowest: | 1 |
| Highest: | 41 |
| Mean: | 8 |
| Median: | 6 |

10.2 Commercial Samples

Iron (lbs Fe/acre Morgan extraction) in commercial samples:

Total number of samples:

| | 0-49 | >49 | Total |
|-------|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Normal | Excessive | |
| 2002 | 110 | 2 | 112 |
| 2003 | 96 | 4 | 100 |
| 2004 | 294 | 9 | 303 |
| 2005 | 460 | 11 | 471 |
| 2006 | 194 | 6 | 200 |
| Total | 1154 | 32 | 1186 |

Percentages:

| | 0-49 | >49 | Total |
|--|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Normal | Excessive | |
| | 98 | 2 | 100 |
| | 96 | 4 | 100 |
| | 97 | 3 | 100 |
| | 98 | 2 | 100 |
| | 97 | 3 | 100 |
| | 97 | 3 | 100 |

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Lowest: | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Highest: | 126 | 209 | 445 | 145 | 125 |
| Mean: | 12 | 13 | 14 | 10 | 11 |
| Median: | 7 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 7 |

11. Manganese

11.1 Homeowner Samples

Manganese (lbs Mn/acre Morgan extraction) in homeowner samples:

Total number of samples:

| | 0-99 | >99 | Total |
|-------|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Normal | Excessive | |
| Total | 98 | 3 | 101 |

Percentages:

| 0-99 | >99 | Total |
|--------|-----------|-------|
| Normal | Excessive | |
| 97 | 3 | 100 |

| | 2002-2006 |
|----------|-----------|
| Lowest: | 8 |
| Highest: | 389 |
| Mean: | 46 |
| Median: | 36 |

11.2 Commercial Samples

Manganese (lbs Mn/acre Morgan extraction) in commercial samples:

Total number of samples:

| | 0-99 | >99 | Total |
|-------|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Normal | Excessive | |
| 2002 | 110 | 2 | 112 |
| 2003 | 92 | 8 | 100 |
| 2004 | 297 | 6 | 303 |
| 2005 | 466 | 5 | 471 |
| 2006 | 197 | 3 | 200 |
| Total | 1162 | 24 | 1186 |

Percentages:

| | 0-99 | >99 | Total |
|--|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Normal | Excessive | |
| | 98 | 2 | 100 |
| | 92 | 8 | 100 |
| | 98 | 2 | 100 |
| | 99 | 1 | 100 |
| | 99 | 2 | 100 |
| | 98 | 2 | 100 |

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Lowest: | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Highest: | 139 | 150 | 217 | 154 | 135 |
| Mean: | 25 | 34 | 30 | 29 | 30 |
| Median: | 21 | 26 | 25 | 26 | 27 |

12. Zinc

12.1 Homeowner Samples

Zinc (lbs Zn/acre Morgan extraction) in homeowner samples:

Total number of samples:

| | <0.5 | 0.5-1.0 | >1 | Total |
|-------|------|---------|------|-------|
| | Low | Medium | High | |
| Total | 3 | 16 | 82 | 101 |

Percentages:

| <0.5 | 0.5-1.0 | >1 | Total |
|------|---------|------|-------|
| Low | Medium | High | |
| 3 | 16 | 81 | 100 |

| | 2002-2006 |
|----------|-----------|
| Lowest: | 0.1 |
| Highest: | 208.1 |
| Mean: | 9.0 |
| Median: | 2.7 |

12.2 Commercial Samples

Zinc (lbs Zn/acre Morgan extraction) in commercial samples:

Total number of samples:

| | <0.5 | 0.5-1.0 | >1 | Total |
|-------|------|---------|------|-------|
| | Low | Medium | High | |
| 2002 | 2 | 27 | 83 | 112 |
| 2003 | 0 | 13 | 87 | 100 |
| 2004 | 21 | 106 | 176 | 303 |
| 2005 | 15 | 82 | 374 | 471 |
| 2006 | 34 | 40 | 126 | 200 |
| Total | 72 | 268 | 846 | 1186 |

Percentages:

| <0.5 | 0.5-1.0 | >1 | Total |
|------|---------|------|-------|
| Low | Medium | High | |
| 2 | 24 | 74 | 100 |
| 0 | 13 | 87 | 100 |
| 7 | 35 | 58 | 100 |
| 3 | 17 | 79 | 100 |
| 17 | 20 | 63 | 100 |
| 6 | 23 | 71 | 100 |

| | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|----------|------|------|------|-------|------|
| Lowest: | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Highest: | 21.6 | 48.6 | 33.1 | 197.1 | 78.4 |
| Mean: | 3.8 | 6.1 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| Median: | 1.7 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.5 |

Appendix: Cornell Crop Codes

Crop codes used in the Cornell Nutrient Analysis Laboratory.

| Crop Code | Crop Description |
|------------------|---|
| Alfalfa | |
| ABE | Alfalfa trefoil grass, Establishment |
| ABT | Alfalfa trefoil grass, Established |
| AGE | Alfalfa grass, Establishment |
| AGT | Alfalfa grass, Established |
| ALE | Alfalfa, Establishment |
| ALT | Alfalfa, Established |
| Birdsfoot | |
| BCE | Birdsfoot trefoil clover, Establishment |
| BCT | Birdsfoot trefoil clover, Established |
| BGE | Birdsfoot trefoil grass, Establishment |
| BGT | Birdsfoot trefoil grass, Established |
| BSE | Birdsfoot trefoil seed, Establishment |
| BST | Birdsfoot trefoil seed, Established |
| BTE | Birdsfoot trefoil, Establishment |
| BTT | Birdsfoot trefoil, Established |
| Barley | |
| BSP | Spring barley |
| BSS | Spring barley with legumes |
| BUK | Buckwheat |
| BWI | Winter barley |
| BWS | Winter barley with legumes |
| Clover | |
| CGE | Clover grass, Establishment |
| CGT | Clover grass, Established |
| CLE | Clover, Establishment |
| CLT | Clover, Established |
| CSE | Clover seed production, Establishment |
| CST | Clover seed production, Established |

| Crop Code | Crop Description |
|-----------|--|
| | Corn |
| COG | Corn grain |
| COS | Corn silage |
| | Grasses, pastures, covercrops |
| CVE | Crownvetch, Establishment |
| CVT | Crownvetch, Established |
| GIE | Grasses intensively managed, Establishment |
| GIT | Grasses intensively managed, Established |
| GRE | Grasses, Establishment |
| GRT | Grasses, Established |
| PGE | Pasture, Establishment |
| PGT | Pasture improved grasses, Established |
| PIE | Pasture intensively grazed, Establishment |
| PIT | Pasture intensively grazed, Established |
| PLE | Pasture with legumes, Establishment |
| PLT | Pasture with legumes, Established |
| PNT | Pasture native grasses |
| RYC | Rye cover crop |
| RYS | Rye seed production |
| TRP | Triticale peas |
| | Small grains |
| MIL | Millet |
| OAS | Oats seeded with legume |
| OAT | Oats |
| SOF | Sorghum forage |
| SOG | Sorghum grain |
| SOY | Soybeans |
| SSH | Sorghum sudan hybrid |
| SUD | Sudangrass |
| WHS | Wheat with legume |
| WHT | Wheat |
| | Others |
| ALG | Azalea |
| APP | Apples |
| ATF | Athletic field |

| Crop Code | Crop Description |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| BDR/DND | Beans-dry |
| BLU | Blueberries |
| CEM | Cemetery |
| FAR | Fairway |
| FLA | Flowering annuals |
| GRA | Grapes |
| GEN | Green |
| HRB | Herbs |
| IDL | Idle land |
| LAW | Lawn |
| MIX/MVG | Mixed vegetables |
| PER | Perennials |
| PRK | Park |
| POT/PTO | Potatoes |
| PUM | Pumpkins |
| ROD | Roadside |
| ROS | Roses |
| RSF | Raspberries, Fall |
| RSP | Raspberries (homeowners) |
| RSS | Raspberries, Summer |
| SAG | Ornamentals adapted to pH 6.0 to 7.5 |
| SQW | Squash, Winter |
| STE | Strawberries, Ever |
| STR | Strawberries (homeowners) |
| STS | Strawberries, Spring |
| SUN | Sunflowers |
| SWC | Sweet corn |
| TOM | Tomatoes |
| TRE | Christmas trees, Establishment |
| TRF | Turf |
| TRT | Christmas trees, Topdressing |